Refugee, Asylum and International Operations Directorate

Humanitarian Parole Program





The Humanitarian Parole Program is administered by the Humanitarian Affairs Branch Office of International Operations



Overview of Parole Authority

Legal Authorities

- Parole is governed by numerous Public Laws and national policy, such as:
 - Section 212(d)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Title
 8, United States Code, Section 1182(d)(5): provides authority
 to the Attorney General to parole aliens into the United States
 - Sections 402 and 421 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002,
 P.L. 107-29: transfers authority for immigration matters,
 including parole, to the Secretary of DHS; and
 - Title 8, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 212.5: provides regulations for the parole of aliens into the United States



Legal Authorities (continued)

- Parole is a discretionary authority that allows for the temporary entry of individuals into the United States for urgent humanitarian reasons or for significant public benefit
- Parole does not constitute an admission into the United States
- Parole does not convey any benefits to the beneficiary

and Immigration Humanitarian Parole

What is Humanitarian Parole?

- Humanitarian Parole is an extraordinary measure sparingly used to bring an otherwise inadmissible alien into the United States for a temporary period of time due to a compelling emergency.
- Humanitarian Parole is not intended to be used to circumvent normal visa issuing procedures, bypass delays in visa issuance, or immigrate to the United States.
- It is possible that a parolee can adjust to a permanent status from parolee (e.g., parolees granted asylum, beneficiary of a relative petition, Cubans through the Cuban Adjustment Act, etc.).



Who Can Apply for Humanitarian Parole?

- Anyone can make an application on behalf of someone who is outside of the United States and has an urgent need to enter the country.
- Individuals may also self petition for Humanitarian Parole if they are outside the United States.



U.S. Citizenship Humanitarian Parole

Common Types of Parole Requests

- Reasons for Parole include but are not limited to the following:
 - Medical
 - Family Reunification (adults and children)
 - Civil and Criminal Court Proceedings
 - Other Emergent Requests



HAB staff triages requests for HP received and attempts to provide immediate processing in accordance with the following criteria:

- Life threatening medical emergencies
- Family reunification
- Children under 16
- Physically and/or mentally challenged individuals



Jurisdiction

- USCIS, ICE, and CBP exercise concurrent parole authority
 - USCIS (HAB) authorizes parole for aliens outside the
 United States for many reasons, including humanitarian.
 - ICE authorizes parole aliens outside of the United States for many reasons, including law enforcement and intelligence purposes as well as to release detained aliens from custody.
 - CBP authorizes parole at United States ports of entry, including pre-flight inspection facilities.

Application Forms and Documentation

- Form I-131, Application for Travel Document (required for all requests)
- Non-refundable of \$305 that can not be waived
- A concise, to the point but comprehensive statement of facts supporting the parole request
- Birth, marriage, or death certificates



Application Forms and Documentation (continued)

- Official identification for Beneficiary (e.g., copy of passport)
- Proof of immigration status for Petitioner in the United States
- Divorce decrees
- Guardianship/Adoption decrees
- Other pertinent documentation



Application Forms and Documentation (continued)

- Form I-134, Affidavit of Support with:
 - Income tax returns for the previous two years
 - Proof of current employment
 - Medical and/or insurance coverage (applicable to medical cases)
 - Proof of immigration status (if Sponsor is different from Petitioner)
 - Form I-134 must be signed and dated



Adjudications Decisions

- If the parole request is approved, HAB will notify the petitioner and any representative of record.
- HAB will then coordinate with the USCIS Overseas Officers or US Embassy or Consulate for issuance of appropriate travel documentation.
- If the parole request is denied, HAB will notify the applicant and any representative of record.

Re-Paroles

- There is no provision in the regulations to "extend" a parole for an individual who is present in the US. A parole ends on the date the parole period expires or when the alien departs the US if this occurs prior to the expiration of the parole.
- HAB has the authority to Re-Parole an alien if the initial parole authorization was issued by the HAB.
- A request for Re-Parole requires the filing of a complete parole application package (including a nonrefundable fee of \$305) that contains information supporting the need for a Re-Parole.

Conclusion

- Over the years, approximately 25% of the received applications have been approved. Generally we receive approximately 1200 applications per year.
- Please remember that humanitarian parole cannot be used to circumvent normal immigration procedures and it is not a means to bypass delays in visa issuance. Therefore, humanitarian parole should not be recommended to individuals unless all other avenues for entry into the United States have been exhausted.
- Complete application instructions including downloadable forms can be found at www.uscis.gov

U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Humanitarian Parole Services

QUESTION/ANSWER SESSION

